WELCOME TO BLOOMINGTON

BY EDWARD GRANT

INDIANA UNIVERSITY and its Department of History and Philosophy of Science cordially welcome you to the 1985 Annual Meeting of the History of Science Society, to be held in the Indiana Memorial Union in Bloomington, Indiana, on 31 October-3 November.

Happily, this HSS meeting coincides with the twenty-fifth anniversary of the founding in 1960 of the Department of History and Philosophy of Science, and we invite you to join us in celebrating that event.

Through the Herculean labors of Albert Van Helden, Program Chair, an outstanding program awaits you. Victor Thoren, local arrangements chairman, has striven mightily to make your stay a pleasant and memorable one. Nor will your cultural needs be neglected, as evidenced by at least two items on the calendar: an exhibit of rare books on the history of science, continuing at the Lilly Rare Book Library throughout the meeting, and a performance by a chamber quartet from Indiana University’s renowned school of music, which will follow the Society banquet on Saturday.

Should the weather cooperate and favor us with sunshine, the magnificent autumn colors of the Bloomington region should be visible in all their radiant splendor!

WEST

The Indiana Memorial Union. Courtesy of Indiana University.

HSS EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

PRESIDENT
EDWARD GRANT, Indiana University

VICE-PRESIDENT
WILLIAM COLEMAN, University of Wisconsin – Madison

SECRETARY
AUDREY DAVIS, Smithsonian Institution

TREASURER
SPENCER R. WEART, American Institute of Physics

EDITOR
ARNOLD THACKRAY, University of Pennsylvania

The History of Science Society was founded in 1924 to secure the future of Isis, the international review that George Sarton (1884-1956) had founded in Belgium in 1912. The Society seeks to foster interest in the history of science and its social and cultural relations, to provide a forum for discussion, and to promote scholarly research in the history of science. The Society pursues these objectives by the publication of its journals Isis and Osiris, by the support and subvention of other forms of scholarly publication, by the organization of annual meetings and other programs, by the award of medals and prizes for outstanding contributions to the history of science, by the encouragement and sponsorship of local and regional sections of the Society, and by cooperation with other learned and scientific societies.

ALSO IN THIS ISSUE

EDITORSHIP OF ISIS
HSS LECTURERS
ELECTION NEWS AND FULL CONTENTS ON LAST PAGE
January 1986. Although he will relinquish his duties effective 31 December 1985. Arnold has accepted a challenging position as Dean for Research and Graduate Studies at the University of Maryland, where his duties commence in January 1986. Although he will continue as Editor of Osiris, his demanding assignment at Maryland has made it impossible for him to continue as Editor of Isis for the History of Science Society.

I know that all of us are filled with a keen sense of loss and deep and genuine regret at Arnold’s departure. We have always been fortunate in our choice of Isis editors. George Sarton, I. Bernard Cohen, Harry Woolf, Robert Multhauf, and now Arnold Thackray have made Isis one of a small number of truly outstanding academic journals. Not only has Arnold Thackray found numerous ways to deepen and broaden the intellectual appeal and significance of Isis during his seven-year stewardship, but by vigorous leadership he also greatly increased its readership. In the future history of our Society, Arnold’s tenure as Editor is certain to be recalled with appreciation and gratitude for his crucial role in the resurrection of Osiris, the first volume of which is now published (copies were distributed at the XVIIth International Congress of History of Science at Berkeley in August 1985), and the second volume of which will soon appear. The launching of Osiris was truly Arnold Thackray’s crowning achievement. It was characterized by the same vigor, dedication, and intelligence that have typified his remarkable seven years of editorial effort in our behalf.

But our editors of Isis do not live by editorial work alone. Our Society makes them members ex-officio of the Executive Committee. During the past three years, I have had ample opportunity to witness Arnold’s contributions to administrative matters far removed from Isis and Osiris. I am now sadly aware of how much we shall miss his wise counsel and his genuine concern for all issues, large and small, that affected our Society.

I know I speak for all the members of HSS when I wish Arnold Thackray happiness and fulfillment in this new phase of his distinguished career. We are grateful for the extraordinary efforts he has exercised in our behalf. And, above all, we hope that he will continue to play a vital role in our Society.

The text of Arnold Thackray’s letter to Edward Grant announcing his resignation follows.

I shall shortly have completed a Biblical term of seven years as Editor of Isis. As discussed with you, with the Executive Committee of the Council, and with the Committee on Publications over these past several weeks, the time has come for me to move on to fresh challenges, and for the History of Science Society to benefit from a new hand at the helm. I therefore write to give notice of my resignation as Editor of Isis, effective 31 December 1985.

I have enormously enjoyed the privilege of working with you, with colleagues on Council, with Advisory Editors, with referees, and with Society members and other scholars from around the globe. The publications of the History of Science Society are in a very healthy state. The circulation of Isis recently passed the 4,000 mark; the number of first-rate articles being submitted is higher than ever; we are publishing 250 book reviews each year, and the Critical Bibliography is successfully computerized. In addition the new series of Osiris has been launched to general acclaim, the expanded Newsletter is finding a wide acceptance, and plans are well advanced for a series of occasional publications.

As Editor, I was not only able to draw on the goodly heritage bequeathed by George Sarton, and extended by his successors. I was also fortunate in possessing the services of our superb Publications Director, Frances Kohler, as she and her staff developed a Publications Office which has itself become an invaluable addition to the Society’s assets. The Publications Director has every aspect of the production of our Society publications firmly in hand. And scholarship in the history of science has never been more buoyant. I am thus confident that Isis will go on from strength to strength.

My intention is to continue and extend my own scholarship in the days ahead, while also enjoying the recreation of administrative work. Thus, if you and your colleagues so wish, I shall be pleased to continue as editor of the re-born Osiris.

Again my deepest thanks to you and to the members of the History of Science Society for the privilege of serving as Editor of Isis, and for all the support so freely given in the seven-year term of my Editorship.

CALL FOR NOMINATIONS

The Committee on Publications announces the opening of its search for a new editor of Isis, and also for an interim editor to serve from 1 January 1986 until the new editor can assume office. The Committee wishes, by this announcement, to solicit nominations and applications for both positions. No particular form of application is required. Letters should indicate, at least briefly, the nature of your interest or the qualifications of your candidate. Inquiries concerning the editorial duties, anticipated institutional contributions, or any other aspect of the position are welcomed. Correspondence should be sent to David Lindberg, Department of the History of Science, 4143 Helen White Hall, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI 53706. So that the Committee can move quickly ahead, please make preliminary contact (by letter or telephone) as early as possible. Interested parties should feel free to contact any member of the Committee on Publications, listed below, to solicit information or offer advice.

During the transition period, Isis will continue to function smoothly. Manuscripts and correspondence should be directed, as in the past, to the editorial offices at the University of Pennsylvania. Committee on Publications: David Lindberg (Chair), Joseph Dauben, Daniel J. Kevles, Sally Gregory Kohlstedd, Mary Jo Nye, William Coleman (ex officio).
FROM THE SECRETARY
BY AUDREY B. DAVIS

In this last Newsletter for which I will serve as Secretary of HSS I warmly thank members for their concern, suggestions, and assistance over the past four years. In particular I am very grateful to Frances Kohler and the staff at the University of Pennsylvania for responding to many queries, requests, and comments concerning the Newsletter with alacrity, integrity, and good will. I am equally appreciative of the many kindnesses and supportive efforts extended by the committees with which I have worked.

It was a great pleasure to be a member of an increasingly active, innovative, and successful Executive Committee and Council. The activities of HSS have been placed in a financially secure position, largely through the brilliant leadership of Gerald Holton. Foundation and corporate grants and contributions from HSS members have permitted goals to be refined and implemented at a pace barely imagined when they were first announced several years ago. The HSS has become a model among scholarly societies for establishing priorities among its functions and finding the means to accomplish them. Other societies have sought advice for conducting fund-raising campaigns and apportioning the support received. Members receive more services than ever before. HSS publications reach the greatest number of members in a variety of forms. Financial support for scholars to pursue their research and publication efforts, as well as to present papers at the annual and other meetings, has become a reality for some entering their careers during a period of shrinking financial resources and lack of institutional opportunities.

My experience over the past four years has increased my enthusiasm for the Society and its potential for helping to shape the field and the careers of its members. As a constituent member of the American Council of Learned Societies, the Consortium of Social Science Associations, and the National Coordinating Committee for the Promotion of History, HSS has many opportunities to promote the history of science, affect legislation, identify and stimulate jobs for its members, and extend its publications. These coalition groups provide data and direction to be incorporated into a society's programs for attaining its specific goals to benefit its members. The extent to which these suggestions are implemented depends on the dedication, self-sacrifice, and leadership of a given society's officers and council, supported by an alert membership.

It is not merely coincidental that HSS has grown and prospered after constitutional changes. In response to members' requests, Society business has become a major occupation for those who are elected to HSS offices and assigned to committees. Officers and Council members are increasingly called upon to perform duties that require large investments of time and talent. The goals reached are worthy of all this attention. Since so much is demanded to conduct HSS business, it is reasonable to wonder how much any individual should be asked to give of his or her time. If more members served the Society, no one person would need to bear a large share of the burden of service.

I urge all those asked to serve HSS in an elected office to take up the challenge, but I will understand if it is done with some trepidation. Certainly I hope all members will cast their ballots in each election. My experience allows me to state that it was worth the loss of research time to serve as Secretary, and I hope that my contributions have helped to make HSS a stronger and more effective organization for all of us.

PRIZE COMPETITIONS

The American Society for Eighteenth-Century Studies (ASECS) announces its 1984-1985 competition for the James L. Clifford Prize of $300 to be awarded to an outstanding study of some aspect of eighteenth-century culture which is interesting to any eighteenth-century specialist, regardless of discipline. Nominated articles should not be longer than 7,500 words and must have appeared in print in a journal, festschrift, or other serial publication between July 1984 and June 1985. Articles may be nominated by their authors or by members of ASECS. The winning author must be a member of ASECS at the time of the award. Send nominations, accompanied by an offprint or copy of the article, by 1 February 1986 to ASECS, R. G. Peterson, Executive Secretary, St. Olaf College, Northfield, MN 55057; telephone (507) 663-3488.

The History Division of the American Chemical Society and the Dexter Chemical Corporation wish to solicit nominations for the 1986 Dexter Award. The award honors outstanding accomplishment in the history of chemistry and consists of $1,000 and an engraved plaque, which will be conveyed at the fall meeting of the American Chemical Society. Nominations should consist of a cover letter containing an assessment of the nominee's contributions to the field, a vita, and a bibliography of publications. Copies of no more than three select publications may also be included if available. Forward to Robert H. Goldsmith, Secretary-Treasurer of the History Division, Division of Natural Science, Ann Arundel Hall 201A, St. Mary's College of Maryland, St. Mary's City, MD 20686, no later than 1 January 1986.

EXHIBITS

The National Museum of American History opened "Building the Bomb: Forty Years After Hiroshima," an exhibit commemorating the fortieth anniversary of the atomic bombing of Hiroshima and Nagasaki on 6 August of this year. The purpose of the exhibit is to demonstrate the power of atomic weapons and the scientific achievement that their development represented. The exhibit contains about forty-five photographs, drawings, documents, and artifacts (including casings for bombs of the type dropped) that illustrate the development of the atomic bomb under the Manhattan Project, the decision to use it in World War II, and its destructive effects on Japan. Stanley Goldberg, consultant to the Department of History of Science and Technology, National Museum of American History, coordinated the exhibit, which closes on 3 November 1985.
VISITING HISTORIANS OF SCIENCE PROGRAM, 1985–1986

The History of Science Society is pleased to announce the first roster of National Lecturers in its newly inaugurated Visiting Historians of Science Program. The primary goal of the HSS Visiting Historians of Science Program is to promote the history of science wherever it is not currently represented, especially at smaller colleges where a historian of science might serve as the focus of core curricula or in bridging the work of a number of departments, or at universities that have growing history of science departments or are thinking of instituting programs. The program is supported by generous grants from the Exxon Education Foundation and the Ford Foundation. For more on this new venture, see the July 1985 issue of the HSS Newsletter.

GARLAND E. ALLEN is Professor of Biology at Washington University, St. Louis. In 1981 he was a Fellow at the Charles Warren Center for Studies in American History at Harvard University, where his research concerned primarily American social history and the history of American eugenics from 1890–1950. Among his many publications are Matter, Energy, and Life (with J. J. W. Baker), Life Sciences in the Twentieth Century; and Thomas Hunt Morgan: The Man and His Science. Lectures: "Evogenics and American Social History, 1900–1940"; "Thomas Hunt Morgan and the Split Between Genetics and Embryology: The Influence of Mechanistic Materialism in Twentieth-Century Biology"; "Theories of Biological Determinism, 1840–1930: A Social History"; "A Marxist Interpretation of the Darwinian Revolution" (all require a slide projector). Seminars: "The Founding of the Eugenics Record Office, Cold Spring Harbor, Long Island, 1910–1940" (for advanced undergraduates and graduate students); "Marxism and the History of Science: A Critique"; "Current Problems in the History of Genetic and Evolutionary Theory" (both for general audiences). Dates available: not until after January 1986; by consultation within six months of the expected visit. Address: Department of Biology, Washington University, St. Louis, MO 63130. Telephone: (314) 889-6808 and 889-6860 (secretary).

I. BERNARD COHEN, the first American to receive a Ph.D. in the history of science, founded the history of science department at Harvard University. He is the author of numerous books, including The Birth of a New Physics, Franklin and Newton, Introduction to Newton's Principia, The Newtonian Revolution, and most recently, Revolution in Science. He is also a past President of the History of Science Society, a former editor of Isis, the Society's official journal, and a recipient of the George Sarton Medal, the highest award that the Society confers. Lectures: "Revolutions in Science"; "The Newtonian Scientific Revolution" (both require two slide projectors). Seminars: topics to be tailored to the interests of those who will attend. Dates available: by consultation within six months of the expected visit. Address: 22 Gray Gardens East, Cambridge, MA 02138. Telephone: (617) 864-1397.

LOREN GRAHAM teaches in the Program in Science, Technology, and Society at M.I.T. and is a Visiting Professor of the History of Science at Harvard University. His numerous books and articles on science in the Soviet Union include Science and Philosophy in the Soviet Union, for which he was nominated for the National Book Award in History, and Between Science and Values, for which he received an Honorable Mention for the Annual Award for Excellence in Publishing from the Association of American Publishers in 1981. Lectures: "How Is the Soviet Union Coping with Technological Change?" (requires a slide projector); "The New Nature-Nurture Debate in the Soviet Union." Seminars: "Analyzing the Social and Political Implications of Technology" (for undergraduates); "Science and the Russian Revolution" (for undergraduate and graduate students). Dates available: any two of the following: the week of 21 October 1985, 28–30 October 1985, 25–27 November 1985. Address: Program in Science, Technology, and Society, Room E51-128, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139. Telephone: (617) 253-4092.

GERALD HULTON is Mallinckrodt Professor of Physics and Professor of History of Science at Harvard University. He is the author of many works on the history of modern physics, including Thematic Origins of Scientific Thought: Kepler to Einstein and The Scientific Imagination: Case Studies. He was the Jefferson Lecturer for 1981 and is a former President of the History of Science Society. Lectures: "What Albert Einstein Wanted to Achieve"; "What Does It Mean to 'Understand' the History of Science?" (both require slide and overhead projectors). Seminars: "Preconception vs. Data: The Case of R. A. Millikan" (for undergraduates, preferably with some knowledge of introductory physics); "Why Einstein Chose America" (especially suited for general audiences). Dates available: by consultation within six months of the expected visit. Address: 358 Jefferson Laboratory, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA 02138. Telephone: (617) 495-4474.
THOMAS P. HUGHES teaches in the Department of History and Sociology of Science at the University of Pennsylvania. He is a former President of the Society for History of Technology and has published numerous books and articles on Western history with special attention to the history of modern technology and science. His Elmer Sperry: Inventor and Engineer won the Dexter Prize of the Society for the American Book Award in the History of Technology and the Texas Institute of Letters Book Award; his most recent book is Networks of Power: Electrification of Western Society, 1880-1930. He is a former President of the National Historical Society Book Prize in History of Science, Technology, and Industry; a former President of the History of Science Society; and was nominated for the Gilded Age, “American Technology and German Culture” (both require a slide projector); “Are Technology and Science Humanistic?” • Seminars: “What Is the History of Technology and Applied Science?” (for graduate students and faculty); “Growth of Large Technological and Applied Science Systems: A Model of Change” (for a general audience). • Dates available: by consultation within six months of the expected visit. • Address: Department of History and Sociology of Science, E. F. Smith Hall/D6, University of Pennsylvania, 215 South 34th Street, Philadelphia, PA 19104. • Telephone: (215) 898-8400.

NATHAN SIVIN is Professor of Chinese History and of the History of Science in the Department of History and Sociology of Science at the University of Pennsylvania. His books include Chinese Alchemy: Preliminary Studies, Cosmos and Computation in Early Chinese Mathematical Astronomy, Traditional Medicine in Contemporary China, and, in collaboration with Joseph Needham, Lu Gweidjen, and Ho Pingyu, Chemical Discovery, Part 4 of Volume V of Science and Civilisation in China. • Lectures: “Chinese Science and Medicine in World Perspective”; “Science in Traditional China”; “Chinese Medicine.” • Seminars: topics to be tailored to the interests of those who will attend. • Dates available: generally available before 1 December 1985 and after 15 March 1986. • Address: Department of History and Sociology of Science, E. F. Smith Hall/D6, University of Pennsylvania, 215 South 34th Street, Philadelphia, PA 19104. • Telephone: (215) 898-7454 or 898-8400.

FRANK J. SULLOWAY is a MacArthur Fellow and Lecturer in the Department of Psychology and Social Relations at Harvard University. In 1980 he won the Pfizer Award of the History of Science Society for his book Freud, Biologist of the Mind. He has received numerous research grants, including fellowships from the National Science Foundation and the John Simon Guggenheim Memorial Foundation. He now has two books in preparation, Family Constellations and Scientific Revolutions: The Roots of Intellectual Rebellion and Darwin’s Genius: An Intellectual Biography. • Lectures: “Freud and Biology: The Hidden Legacy”; “Birth Order and Scientific Revolutions: The Roots of Intellectual Rebellion”, “Darwin and the Galapagos: The Evolution of a Legend” (both require a slide projector). • Seminars: topics to be tailored to the interests of those who will attend. • Dates available: by consultation within a month of the expected visit; preference for fall of 1985; unavailable 4 December 1985, 3-10 March and 9-12 April 1986. • Address: Department of Psychology and Social Relations, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA 02138. • Telephone: (617) 495-8253.

ARNOLD THACKRAY was the founding chairman of and teaches in the Department of History and Sociology of Science at the University of Pennsylvania. He is the editor of Isis, the official journal of the History of Science Society, and in 1983 received the Dexter Award of the American Chemical Society. His publications include Atoms and Powers, John Dalton: Critical Assessments of His Life and Science, Chemistry in America, 1876-1976 (with J. L. Sturchio, P. T. Carroll, and R. F. Bud), and Gentlemen of Science: Early Years of the British Association for the Advancement of Science (with J. Morrell). • Lectures: “The Historian’s Calling in the Age of Science”, “Chemistry in America” (both require a slide projector). • Seminar: “Inventing Behavioral Science.” • Dates available: by consultation within six months of the expected visit. • Address: Department of History and Sociology of Science, E. F. Smith Hall/D6, University of Pennsylvania, 215 South 34th Street, Philadelphia, PA 19104. • Telephone: (215) 898-5621.

RICHARD S. WESTFALL is Distinguished Professor of the History of Science at Indiana University and a past President of

- Lectures: “The Role of the Scientific Revolution in European History” [requires an overhead projector]; “The History of Science as the Focus of Western History” [Seminars: “Galileo and Patronage”; “Newton and Christianity”]
- Dates available: not available in 1985; by consultation within six months of the expected visit.
- Address: Department of History and Philosophy of Science, 130 Goodbody Hall, Indiana University, Bloomington, IN 47401. Telephone: (812) 335-3195 or 335-3622.

Detailed information concerning each of the HSS National Lecturers and the Visiting Historians of Science Program in general may be obtained from Joseph W. Dauben, HSS Coordinator of Programs, Department of History, Herbert H. Lehman College, CUNY, Bedford Park Boulevard West, Bronx, NY 10468; telephone (212) 960-8285 or 8289, or 790-4606 or 4621. Any institution or organization wishing to engage a HSS Lecturer in 1985–1986 is invited to contact the individual speaker, Joseph Dauben, or Joe D. Burchfield, Chairman, National Committee, HSS Visiting Historians of Science Program, Department of History, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb, IL 60115; telephone (815) 753-0131 or 0672.


BY MARTHA ELLEN WEBB
Creighton University

Each year a survey of employment trends in the history of science, technology, and medicine (HSTM) is conducted at the request of the Women’s Committee of the History of Science Society. Its purpose is not only to track the success of female historians of science, technology, and medicine (STM) in obtaining employment in their fields during the year 1983–1984, but also to identify current trends in the employment of all historians of STM. Such information may be useful to graduate students in assessing their marketability, as well as to those now on the job market. A preliminary report of the survey’s findings was presented to the Women’s Committee at the annual meeting in Chicago on 28 December 1984; since then some the figures have been somewhat modified, upon the receipt of additional information.

This year’s survey included a search for positions advertised in the weekly Chronicle of Higher Education as well as those listed in the HSS Newsletter, the American Historical Association Perspectives, the Society for the History of Technology Newsletter, and the Bulletin of the American Association for the History of Medicine. Those looking for jobs should keep abreast of all of these sources. As the tables show, many positions are advertised in only one or two of these places. The Chronicle, being weekly, may list positions approved too late to be placed in the newsletters.

Each of the employers identified in the survey was requested to comment on the

Fund Drive

The History of Science Society is proud to list the Ford Foundation among the donors to and supporters of its Fund Drive. Earlier lists of donors may be found in the HSS Newsletter, April 1984, April 1985, and July 1985.

If you are interested in making a donation to the HSS, you may obtain the brochure “Four Ways of Giving to the History of Science Society” by contacting Gerald Holton, 358 Jefferson Laboratory, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA 02138; telephone (617) 495-4474.


#### CATEGORY 1: History of Science, Technology, and Medicine (HSTM) The Required Area of Expertise

<table>
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<tr>
<th>JOB DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>APPLICANT POOL</th>
<th>SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATE</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Permanent</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Center for the History of Electrical Engineering</td>
<td>HST</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johns Hopkins University</td>
<td>MT</td>
<td>Broad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas Tech University</td>
<td>HS</td>
<td>Broad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Massachusetts</td>
<td>HST</td>
<td>Broad</td>
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<tr>
<td>University of Pennsylvania</td>
<td>HM</td>
<td>NA</td>
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<tr>
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<td>HM</td>
<td>No Ph.D.</td>
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<tr>
<td>University of Wisconsin, School of Pharmacy</td>
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<td>No Ph.D.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Temporary</strong></td>
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<tr>
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<td>NASA, Position 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>NASA, Position 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>University of Melbourne, Australia</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Wisconsin</td>
<td>HS</td>
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requirements and duties of the position, the characteristics and expertise of the applicant pool, and the sex and qualifications of the successful candidate (see tables). From the replies of the participating institutions, the following picture of the employment situation in HSTM in 1983-1984 has been constructed.

Advertisements for 48 positions in HSTM were noted in the May 1983 through April 1984 period; however, information was received on only 42 of them. Of this base of 42 positions, 31% required HSTM as the candidates' area of expertise (Category I on the following tables), 40% desired HSTM as one of several required areas of expertise (Category II), and 29% mentioned HSTM as a possible area of expertise (Category III). Of the base of 42, 62% were permanent positions, as against 50% of those requiring expertise in HSTM (Category I and II); 71% of the 42 were academic teaching positions as against 67% of Categories I and II. Thus 33% of the positions that required HSTM as an area of expertise were for curators and directors of libraries, museums, and historical centers or were in research and writing. Half of the base of 42 required the successful candidate to have a broad historical background, as did 40% of those requiring HSTM as a field of expertise. Finally, 12% of the 42 jobs possibly available in HSTM were cancelled or went unfilled.

As for the candidates, the total number of applications received for the 38 positions about which information was returned on this point was approximately 1,522, approximately 689 of them for 29 positions in Categories I and II. Ultimately, 37 persons received employment in all categories; 26 were hired in positions requiring HSTM. Candidates classified by their employers as experts in HSTM were given 68% of the positions in all three categories. As would be expected, a higher percentage (85%) of the jobs requiring expertise in HSTM went to experts in the field. Moreover, HSTM specialists successfully captured 27% of the jobs in Category III (HSTM a possible area of expertise). These candidates were described by their employers as possessing expertise in some field of history in addition to HSTM. Twelve percent of the total number of HSTM specialists who got jobs described in this survey obtained them in Category III. Therefore, graduate students and other job hunters would be wise not to ignore this type of job opportunity. As for the successful candidates' level of education, Ph.D.s (89%) far exceed ABDs (8%). Ph.D.s won 86% of positions requiring HSTM; ABDs, 12%. The sex of the applicant appears to have had an impact on success in the job market. Women, who constituted about 19% (282) of the pool of the jobs on which we have this information (341), secured 16% (6) of all jobs filled (37); and 12% (3) of the academic teaching positions (24). Of the 37 successful candidates, only one was listed as a minority candidate.

Finally, interviewers were requested to assess the general quality and the suitability of training of the applicant pool. The most continuous theme running through the comments was an indictment of overly narrow and specialized training. Several schools sought a candidate with "both an adequate science background and competency in" the requisite field of HSTM. Another desired a blend of philos-

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**KEY TO TABLES (CATEGORY III ON PAGE 4)**

| NA | Not answered by respondent |
| 1 | Information unknown |
| 2 | Area of Expertise |
| 3 | European intellectual history |
| 4 | U.S. history |
| 5 | History |
| 6 | Medicine |
| 7 | Philosophy of science |
| 8 | Science |
| 9 | Western civilization |
| 10 | Museum curatorship |
| 11 | Cultural history |
| 12 | Social history |
| 13 | Methodology |
| 14 | European history |
| 15 | Non-Western history |
| 16 | Women's history |
| 17 | Technology and social issues |
| 18 | Economic history |
| 19 | War and society |
| 20 | Sociology of science |
| **Background** | Information only on finalists |
| **Public** | Broad + broad historical background required |
| **Private** | Ph.D. or Ph.D. required |
| **No-condition not required** | |

**Rank**

| 1 | Instructor/Lecturer |
| 2 | Assistant Professor |
| 3 | Associate Professor |
| 4 | Professor |
| 5 | Other |
| 6 | Open |
| 7 | Distinguished Professor |

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**CATEGORY III: HSTM One Area of Required Expertise**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JOB DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>APPLICANT POOL</th>
<th>SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATE</th>
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</table>
| Field | Background | Rank* | Dept. | Total | M.F.M.R. | Degrees of field | Field (HSTM, Hist.) | Gender | Degrees | DateField
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<tr>
<td>Alabama Mining Institute</td>
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<td>Ph.D., 1983, EUR</td>
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 generally lacked the broad background in
phy, science, and history. The most nu-
merous group felt that "candidates
generally lacked the broad background in
history that was deemed essential to meet
curricular needs of a small department." The
most numerous group felt that "candidates
should have as much breadth as possible,
especially if they plan to teach at a small
school," was obviously shared by many
employers. Thus what one chairperson
called "flexibility" may be emerging as a
key to success in the job market.

When this 1983-1984 HSTM market
analysis is compared to the markets of
trends become evident. The number of
positions declined from 53 in 1981-1982 to
43 in 1982-1983 but rose to 48 in
1983-1984. [This increase may be due to
the increase in media sources consulted
this year, however.] The number of
positions specifying HSTM as a required area
of expertise decreased by one third in
1982-1983, but since that time has in-
creased markedly. Furthermore, the last
three surveys indicate a steady decrease in
the percentage of permanent positions
possibly available in HSTM, as well as a
steady decrease in the percentage of per-
manent positions that require HSTM as
an area of expertise. The percentage of
academic teaching positions, however, has
increased over the last three years in all
categories. In Categories I and II, the per-
centage of academic jobs has remained
steady.

Comparison of the last three surveys also
reveals changes in candidate success.
Historians of science, technology, and
medicine have secured increasingly larger
percentages of all jobs possibly available to
them (from 51% in 1981-1982 to 68% in
1983-1984), and they have maintained a
high rate of success in capturing positions
that require expertise in HSTM. They
have also markedly increased the percent-
age of positions open to them in Category
III that they actually obtain (from 10% in
1981-1982 to 27% in 1983-1984). Finally,
after holding steady in 1981-1983, the
percentage of jobs awarded to women in
all three categories declined in 1983-1984;
though the percentage of women in the
pool declined somewhat also. There has
also been a steady decline in the percent-
age of females hired in Categories I and II

I would like to express my appreciation to those
chairpersons, deans, and directors who took the
time to respond to my questionnaire, and to the
Creighton University Department of History for
its financial and secretarial support.

<p>| CATEGORY III: HSTM Possible Area of Expertise |
| JOB DESCRIPTION | APPLICANT POOL | SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATE |</p>
<table>
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<th>Fields*</th>
<th>Background**</th>
<th>Rank*</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>M,Ph.D.</th>
<th>M, No Ph.D.</th>
<th>HSTM, Hist.</th>
<th>Other</th>
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Opinion leaders stress history of science

"Science and technology have had such a
large role in shaping our society that we
cannot expect to understand our world
without study of the history of science,"
declared Edward G. Jefferson, Chairman of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., in a
speech at the Corporate History Confer-
ence of the Center for History of Chemis-
try held in Philadelphia last May. "History
is an indispensable resource for the ad-
vance of society, and its importance is one
of our shared humanist values. . . . The
idea of history as primarily political his-
tory is giving way to a broader view of the
subject in which the history of science
and technology is treated as an essential
element. . . . The history of science and
technology is a rapidly growing field. Its
potential is so important in an advanced
Technological society that the National
Endowment for the Humanities recently
suggested that a course in the history of
science and technology be a compulsory
element of a liberal education. . . . There
is, I believe, a widening interest in the
history of science. There exists an oppor-
tunity to have the story of our science told
and assimilated by the next generation so
that it becomes part of their world view."

And in a speech at the University of
Uppsala reported in the History of Science
Newsletter of Sweden, Kerstin Nilbeus,
the Swedish Undersecretary of State for
Research, underlined the growing role of
history in the scientific context. "In our
society, increasingly dependent on
science—for good or bad—we have to
apply a historic perspective in order to
understand the role of science, its precondi-
tions and its effect. The ordinary citi-
zan, the politician and the decision-maker
all need that kind of comprehensive over-
view which the history of learning and
science can produce. . . . Internationally
speaking, the history of science is gaining
ground. From a modest start at the turn of
this century the discipline has expanded
rapidly, particularly after the Second
World War and has also had an impact on
other disciplines."
The inaugural meeting of the Construction History Group was held at University College, London, on 29 June 1983. Further information and a copy of the current Newsletter can be obtained from Peter Harlow, The Construction History Group Secretary, c/o The Chartered Institute of Building, Englemere, Kings Ride, Ascot, Berkshire SL5 8BJ, England.

The Sidney M. Edelstein Library and the Sidney M. Edelstein Center for the History and Philosophy of Science, Technology, and Medicine were officially opened on 9 June 1985 at the Hebrew University of Jerusalem. The opening ceremonies were followed by a dinner in honor of Sidney M. Edelstein and by an international symposium the next day. Lectures were delivered by Allen G. Debus, U.S.A. ("Chemists, Physicians and Mystics: The Other Side of the Scientific Revolution"), Mara Beller, Israel ("The Quantum Revolution: A Psychosocial Perspective"), Yehuda Elkana, Israel ("Ernst Cassirer in the Warburg Library"), Arnold Thackray, U.S.A. ("The Historian's Calling in the Age of Science") and Timothy Lenoir, U.S.A. ("Science for the Clinic: Karl Ludwig and the Institutional Revolution in German Science"). The premises provided by Hebrew University for the library and center make it possible to accommodate three to four scholars working there and to bring together all the special collections on the history of science: the Sidney M. Edelstein Collection (history of chemistry and chemical technology), the Harry K. Friedenwald Collection (history of medicine), the Morris Cohen Collection (history and philosophy of science and technology), the Albert Einstein Archives, and the Hebrew University Faculty of Sciences Collection (history and philosophy of science). These new facilities and the postdoctoral fellowships provided by the center for young scholars are expected to contribute greatly to the development of the field in Jerusalem and elsewhere.

The University of Ghent, Belgium, has approved a proposal for a George Sarton Chair in the history of science.

The joint Smithsonian Institution-West Virginia University Project in the History of Science and Technology was established in 1984 to explore new methods and perspectives in the history of science and technology during the Industrial Revolution. A major emphasis of the project has been the use of the material-culture approach in research and interpretation. In its first year the program held two seminars at the National Museum of American
History in Washington and a workshop at West Virginia University in Morgantown. Beginning in the fall of 1985 the program will sponsor seminars of leading scholars to present case studies relating to the "big questions" in the history of science and technology. For further information, contact Emory Kemp, Program in History of Science and Technology, West Virginia University, G-14 Woodburn Hall, Morgantown, WV 26506.

The Society for Literature and Science (SLS), a new interdisciplinary research organization, was inaugurated at the University of California, Berkeley, on 7 August 1985 at the XVIIth International Congress of History of Science. Ceremonies instituting the new society culminated the Symposium on Science, Literature, and the Imagination, presided over by G. S. Rousseau (University of California, Berkeley) and Erwin Hiebert (Harvard University), President of the International Union of History and Philosophy of Science. SLS welcomes colleagues in science, engineering, computer science, medicine, history and philosophy of science, the social sciences, the humanities, and the arts. Annual dues are $15. Members will receive a newsletter, the first issue of which will review congress proceedings of interest. Subsequent issues will include news items, brief reports, and the annual bibliography "Relations of Science and Literature." For information on SLS and its activities, contact the society's president, Lance Schachterle, Chair, Division of Interdisciplinary Affairs, Worcester Polytechnic Institute, Worcester MA 01609; telephone (617) 793-5514.

The Spanish Society of History of Sciences (SEHC: Sociedad Española de Historia de las Ciencias) was organized in 1974 and incorporated in 1976. SEHC now has about 270 members throughout Spain, including historians, mathematicians, physicians, physicists, chemists, biologists, philosophers, social scientists, humanists, and engineers. Three congresses (Madrid, 1978; Jaca, 1982; and San Sebastián, 1984) and several symposia on a number of themes related to history of science have been held so far. During the last General Assembly meeting in October 1984 a new Executive Council was elected. Its members are Mariano Hormigón (Univ. Zaragoza), President; Javier Echeverría (Univ. País Vasco), Vice-President; Olegario Negrix (UNED Madrid), Secretary; Andrés Galera (Univ. Complutense Madrid), Treasurer; and Mariano Esteban (Univ. Valladolid), Carlos López (Univ. Murcia), and Antonio Ten [Univ. Valencia]. The society has published twelve issues of the journal Llull edited by Mariano Hormigón and the proceedings of the first two congresses in Madrid (1980) and Jaca (1984, three volumes). The proceedings of the third congress of the SEHC will appear within a year. For more information, contact Javier Echeverría, SEHC, Vicepresidencia, Facultad de Filosofía y Ciencias de la Educación, Apartado 1249, 20080-San Sebastián, Spain.

The Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University graduate program in Science and Technology Studies (STS) will accept its first students for the fall of 1986. The program offers an interdisciplinary perspective on science and its social impact and is supported primarily by the Center for the Study of Science in Society and the Departments of History, Philosophy, and Sociology. Current areas of faculty research interest include scientific and technological change, foundations of biology, key periods in the history of science, and twentieth-century science and technology. A limited number of graduate assistantships will be available on a competitive basis. For additional information, contact Director, Science and Technology Studies, Price House, Virginia Tech, Blacksburg, VA 24061.

FELLOWSHIPS & GRANTS

The American Schools of Oriental Research offer over $170,000 in research, study, and travel grants for the 1986–1987 academic year and the summer of 1986. Awards offer opportunities for humanistic study in the Middle East from prehistoric through Islamic times to undergraduates, graduate students, seminarians, and postdoctoral scholars. Application deadline for most awards is 1 November 1985. For details and application information, write Coordinator of Academic Programs, American Schools of Oriental Research, 4243 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, PA 19104; telephone (215) 222-4643.

The Arizona Center for Medieval and Renaissance Studies offers a postdoctoral fellowship for fall 1986 in the history of medieval or Renaissance science and technology. The stipend is $18,000 per year, renewable for a maximum of three years. Duties include consulting on grants and teaching two courses annually. Applications are due by 22 November 1985 and should contain a letter of introduction, curriculum vitae, two letters of recommendation, a one-page abstract of the doctoral dissertation, and a brief description of a medieval or Renaissance event illustrating a concept from basic science and the interrelationship of technology and human needs. Interviews may be arranged at the HSS annual meeting in Bloomington, 30 October–2 November 1985. Contact Jeanie R. Brink, Director, Arizona Center for Medieval and Renaissance Studies, Arizona State University, Tempe, AZ 85287; telephone (602) 965-5900.

The Center for History of Physics of the American Institute of Physics will award grants-in-aid of up to $1,000 for research in the history of twentieth- and twentieth-century physics and astronomy and their social interactions. Grants can be used only to reimburse direct expenses connected with work in these fields. Preference will be given to those who need funds for travel to New York City to use the resources of the Center's Niels Bohr Library or to microfilm papers or conduct tape-recorded oral history interviews. Applicants should either be pursuing a graduate degree in the history of science or show a record of publication in this field. To apply, send a curriculum vitae, a two-page letter describing the proposed research project, and a budget of the expenses for which support is requested to Spencer Weart, Center for History of Physics, American Institute of Physics, 335 East Forty-Fifth Street, New York, NY 10017 by 1 December 1985.
AWARDS, HONORS & APPOINTMENTS

Finn Aaserud has been appointed Associate Historian at the American Institute of Physics in New York City.

Simon Baatz has been appointed to the position of Historian at the New York Academy of Sciences.

John Beatty has been appointed Associate Professor of the History of Science and Technology at the University of Minnesota.

Merrily Borell, Resource Development Coordinator at the Bakken Library of Electricity in Life, has been awarded a National Science Foundation Visiting Assistant Professorship in the Department of History of Science at Harvard University for the academic year 1985–1986. She plans to continue her research in instrumentation and the rise of modern physiology.

John K. Crellin of Duke University has been named the second Fischelis Scholar by the American Institute of the History of Pharmacy. He will study historical perspectives on pharmacists' attitudes toward herbal remedies.

Leland L. Estes has been appointed Assistant Professor in the Department of History, Chapman College, Orange, California, for September 1985 and will teach the history of science and medicine. He received a Ph.D. in the history of science from the University of Chicago in August 1985.

Alan Gabby, Senior Lecturer and Head of the Department of History and Philosophy of Science, Queen's University, Belfast, Northern Ireland, has been promoted to Reader effective 1 October 1985.

Bruce Hevley, a graduate student in the Department of History of Science at Johns Hopkins University, has been awarded a two-year predoctoral appointment at the Naval Research Laboratory in Virginia.

Bruce Hunt has been appointed Assistant Professor in the Department of History at the University of Texas at Austin.

Naum Kipnis has been appointed Resource Development Coordinator at the Bakken Library of Electricity in Life for the academic year 1985–1986. He will continue his researches on the physical foundations of electrophysiology between 1830 and 1860 and will develop and implement high school enrichment programs based on the library's historical resources.

Lisa Rosner, a recent graduate of the Department of the History of Science, Johns Hopkins University, has been awarded a Bakken Fellowship for the academic year 1985–1986. Her research will focus on the development of electrotherapeutics from 1840 to 1880.

Martin J. S. Rudwick has been appointed Professor in the Program in History of Science at Princeton University, effective spring term 1986. His latest book, The Great Devonian Controversy, has just been published by the University of Chicago Press.

John Scarborough became a member of the faculty of the University of Wisconsin–Madison effective 1 July 1985 and will assume the duties of Director of the American Institute of the History of Pharmacy in January 1986.

Stuart S. Shapiro, a graduate student in the Program in Applied History and Social Sciences at Carnegie-Mellon University,

Continued on last page

The fifteenth annual Institute for the Editing of Historical Documents is scheduled for 15–27 June 1986 in Madison, Wisconsin. Jointly sponsored by the National Historical Publications and Records Commission (NHPRC), the State Historical Society of Wisconsin, and the University of Wisconsin, the institute will provide detailed theoretical and practical instruction in documentary editing. Applicants should hold a master's degree in history, history of science, or American civilization. A limited number of tuition and travel grants are available. Further information and application forms are available from the NHPRC, Room 300, National Archives Building, Washington, DC 20408; telephone (202) 523-3092.

Application deadline is 15 March 1986.

The NASA History Office will continue to consider proposals to prepare individual volumes for the New Series in NASA history twice annually. Deadlines are 1 January and 1 June. NASA may provide eighteen months to two years of support for research and writing and associated expenses to qualified historians having well-conceived and well-developed proposals for book-length manuscripts on appropriate themes. The New Series is designed to place NASA's programs in broad historical contexts and should be attractive to nontechnical as well as academic audiences. Proposals will be funded on the basis of merit and available funds. Contact the NASA History Office, NASA Headquarters, Washington, DC 20546.

The National Library of Medicine [NLM] will select one United States citizen for its 1986–1987 Visiting Historical Scholars Program, to spend from six to twelve months during the period 1 September 1986–31 August 1987 at the History of Medicine Division. Applicants may be health professionals, historians, librarians, scientists, or other professionals at mid-career or senior level and must have had extensive training or experience in medical history or a related field, together with a demonstrated record of productivity in pertinent historical scholarship of a high level. Financial remuneration will be commensurate with current salary level but not higher than GS-15 ($52,262–$67,940), together with certain fringe benefits. Completed applications must be received on or before 1 February 1986. Obtain forms from the Chief, History of Medicine Division, NLM, 8600 Rockville Pike, Bethesda, MD 20229; telephone (301) 496-5405.

The National Science Foundation Division of Social and Economic Sciences has changed its target dates for the submission of proposals in the History and Philosophy of Science and Sociology programs, among others. Proposals should reach the NSF by 15 August for funds needed in or after...
PO  S I TI O N S

The University of Cincinnati seeks to fill a tenure-track assistant professorship in chemical education and the history of chemistry to begin in the 1986-1987 academic year. Duties will include commitment to the nonmajors' first-year chemistry course, teaching a course in the history of chemistry, and scholarship in the history of chemistry or chemical education. A Ph.D. is required. Applications and three letters of recommendation should be sent by 15 November 1985 to John J. Alexander, Chairman, Search Committee, Department of Chemistry, University of Cincinnati, Cincinnati OH 45221-0172. AA/EOE.

The Thomas A. Edison Papers will hire an editorial assistant for 10-12 weeks in the summer of 1986. The assistant will work with senior professional staff in preparing materials for the microfilm and book editions of the Edison Papers. Requirements include a background and interest in the history of science, technology, and business in the era of Edison. To apply, contact Thomas A. Edison Papers, Van Dyck Hall, Rutgers, The State University, New Brunswick, NJ 08903, by 1 February 1986. AA/EOE.

The University of Geneva, Switzerland, has an opening at the rank of full professor in the field of history and philosophy of science. Excellence in teaching and evidence of scholarly eminence are requirements for appointment. The successful candidate is expected to teach at undergraduate and graduate levels and to create and lead a research group. Teaching in French is required, but a one-year period of adjustment can be granted. The position is formally available 1 October 1986, negotiable. Applications and inquiries should be sent by 30 November 1985 to the Secrétariat de la Faculté des Sciences, Université de Genève, 20 quai Ernest Ansermet, CH-1211 Geneva 4, Switzerland.

The University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, History Department invites applications for a tenure-track assistant professorship in modern European intellectual history, beginning 1 July 1986. Responsibilities will include both graduate and undergraduate instruction in nineteenth- and twentieth-century European thought and regular teaching in one or more of the department's survey courses. Candidates must have the Ph.D. by 1 July 1986 and demonstrate promise of excellence in both scholarship and teaching. Letters of application, including a curriculum vitae, academic transcripts, and at least three letters of reference, should be sent to the Chairman of the Search Committee, Richard A. Soloway, Department of History, The University of North Carolina, Hamilton Hall 070A, Chapel Hill, NC 27515, by 1 December 1985. AA/EOE.

Purdue University is seeking applicants for the newly created position of Distinguished Professor in the History of Science and Technology. Candidates should have substantial publications and a national or international reputation. For information contact Professor John J. Contreni, Department of History, University Hall, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907. Nominations will be accepted until 15 November 1985, or until the position is filled.

Villanova University invites applicants for a tenure-track entry level assistant professorship in the history of science and technology (European emphasis preferred) starting in late August 1986. Requirements include a Ph.D. by 1 June 1986, strong scholarly potential, and superior teaching ability. The salary will be in the mid-$20,000 range and duties will include December and by 1 January for funds needed in or after July.

The University of Pennsylvania announces Mellon Postdoctoral Fellowships in the Humanities for younger scholars who will have held the Ph.D. for not fewer than three nor more than eight years by 30 September 1986. Research proposals are invited in all areas of humanistic studies. Special consideration will be given to applications that are interdisciplinary or do not fit into normal academic programs and to candidates who have not previously utilized the university's resources. The annual stipend is $18,500. For further information and applications, write to Saul Morson, Chairman, Humanities Coordinating Committee, 16 College Hall/CO, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA 19104. Completed applications must be received no later than 1 December 1985. AA/EOE.

The Rockefeller Archive Center of Rockefeller University awards grants of not more than $1,500 to graduate students or postdoctoral scholars engaged in projects that require use of the holdings at the Center. Grant size depends upon the applicant's travel, temporary lodging, and research expenses. Applications for 1986 must be received by 31 December 1985. Address inquiries and requests for application forms to Director, Rockefeller Archive Center, Pocantico Hills, North Tarrytown, NY 10591.

The 1986-1987 Rockefeller Foundation Humanities Fellowships will be offered as residencies at host institutions chosen for their support of emerging fields in which important work is being done. Host institutions select scholars, supply fellowship stipends, encourage interaction between their permanent experts and the visiting scholars, and make resources available in their specialized areas of research. Residency fellowships are meant to serve scholars who are testing disciplinary boundaries or moving into new fields of inquiry within the humanities. Complete information about eligibility, stipends, procedures for application, and deadlines are available directly from current host institutions, which include the Francis C. Wood Institute for the History of Medicine (see below). Applications to become host institutions are invited from academic programs, libraries, museums, and arts organizations with resources valuable to emerging fields of the humanities. Proposals are due 31 January 1986. For further information, write to Residency Program in the Humanities, Rockefeller Foundation, Arts and Humanities Division, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10036.

Villa I Tatti: The Harvard University Center for Italian Renaissance Studies, Florence, Italy, will award ten or more
teaching introductory survey courses in Western civilization as well as upper division and graduate courses in the history of science and technology and other fields of expertise. Send transcript, vita, three letters of recommendation, and a sample of any published work to Raymond Cummings, Chair, Science and Technology Search Committee, Department of History, Villanova University, Villanova, PA 19085, postmarked by 2 December 1985.
Some applicants will be selected for interviews at the American Historical Association's meeting in late December in New York City.

The University of Wollongong Department of History and Philosophy of Science has two openings for lecturers in any of the following areas: Australian studies in science and technology, or Australian economic and social history; or the politics, sociology, and political economy of contemporary technological change. Expertise in the social implications of automation or information technology would be an advantage. Candidates for Position 1 must demonstrate research interest in the history and philosophy of science or the social studies of science and technology. Experience in any of the following areas would also be appropriate: social history of science or technology in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries (an attendant background in economic and social history would be an advantage), the sociology of scientific knowledge, economics of technology, or appropriate areas of sociopolitics of science and technology. The duties of both positions will include offering established courses and developing new courses at undergraduate and graduate levels and contributing to or developing a strong research program. For more information, contact Department of History and Philosophy of Science, University of Wollongong, Post Office Box 1144, Wollongong, New South Wales 2500, Australia.

LATE POSITION
The U.S. Department of Energy, History Division, is recruiting a historian to join its staff as soon as possible. For information, send inquiries and vita to Jack M. Holl, Chief Historian, MA-295, U.S. Department of Energy, Washington, DC 20585; telephone (202) 252-5235.

stipendiary fellowships for independent study on any aspect of the Italian Renaissance for the academic year 1986–1987 to scholars of any nationality, normally postdoctoral and in the earlier stages of their careers. For details consult Walter Kaiser, Harvard University, 401 Boylston Hall, Cambridge, MA 02138, by 1 November 1985.
I Tatti also offers a limited number of nonstipendiary fellowships for scholars working in Florence on Renaissance subjects with support from other sources.
The Francis C. Wood Institute for the History of Medicine of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia announces its Rockefeller Foundation Humanities Residency Program for 1986–1987. Two grants of $25,000 each will be awarded to scholars who will spend one year in residence conducting research in the college library and participating in the Wood Institute seminar program. Grants will not be made for doctoral research. For information and applications, contact Roselind Valentim, Wood Institute, 19 South 22nd Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103; telephone (215) 561-6050.

The abbreviation "AA/EOE" has been used when the hiring or granting institution has indicated that it is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer.
Don't overlook the following fellowships and grants announced in the July 1985 Newsletter on page 8: Fulbright Scholar Awards, deadlines of 1 November 1985 for Junior Lectureships, 31 December 1985 for NATO Resident Fellowships, and 1 February 1986 for Seminars in German Civilization Awards, Spain Resident Fellowships, and France and Germany Travel-Only Awards; and Harvard University Mellon Faculty Fellowships, deadline of 1 November 1985.

INTERVIEWS AT BLOOMINGTON
Harvard University invites applicants for a three-year position as Assistant Professor and Head Tutor in the Department of the History of Science effective 1 July 1986, renewable for an additional three years, with the expectation of one half-year leave at full salary. The appointee will be responsible for teaching one course or seminar each term, as well as individual or small group tutorials, and will administer the department's undergraduate tutorial program. Candidates should have completed the Ph.D. degree in any field of interest within the history of science, medicine, or technology by 1 September 1986. Send applications, dossiers (including three letters of recommendation), and appropriate written or published material to Barbara G. Rosenkrantz, Chairman, Department of the History of Science, Harvard University, Science Center 235, Cambridge, MA 02138 by 1 January 1986. Prospective candidates may be interviewed at the HSS annual meeting in Bloomington, 31 October-3 November 1985, and should check at the registration desk for specific information. AA/EOE.

North Carolina State University seeks candidates for a tenure-track assistant professorship in the history of modern science, starting either 1 January or late August 1986. The appointee will teach introductory history courses and upper division courses in history of science. A Ph.D. is required and teaching experience is desired. Send dossiers (including vita, transcripts, and recommendations) immediately to Edith Sylla, History of Science Search Committee, Department of History, Box 810B, North Carolina State University, Raleigh, NC 27695-8108. The application deadline is 15 November 1985. Interviews will take place at the HSS meeting in Bloomington, 1–3 November 1985. AA/EOE.

Don't overlook the two openings at Cornell University described in the July 1985 Newsletter, on p. 6. L. Pearce Williams will conduct interviews at the HSS annual meeting in Bloomington for the Scientific Revolution position and will discuss the twentieth-century position with those interested.
CALLS FOR PAPERS

Members of HSS are invited to submit proposals for sessions for next year's annual meeting, which will be held jointly with the Philosophy of Science Association, the Society for the Social Studies of Science, and the Society for the History of Technology in Pittsburgh on 23–26 October 1986. Sessions on themes that link the interests of the four participating societies are especially welcome. Send proposals by 1 February 1986 to Lorraine Daston and Michael Mahoney, Program Chairmen, Program in History of Science, 220 Palmer Hall, Princeton University, Princeton, NJ 08544; telephone (609) 452-4127.

The American Association for the Advancement of Science (AAAS) will hold its 152nd National Meeting on 25–30 May 1986 in Philadelphia. AAAS-affiliated societies that wish to develop a session of technical contributed papers in their field (either in the poster or slide format) should send abstracts of these papers to the AAAS (with a copy to the appropriate section secretary) and, in the case of slide sessions, the name and title of the person who will preside at the session before 25 December 1985. Contact the AAAS Exhibit Manager, Claire Cirolia, for information about affiliate tables and booths. Organizations that would like to meet simultaneously should contact the AAAS Meetings Manager, Elisabeth Zeutschel. The AAAS's new offices are at 1333 H Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20005; telephone (202) 326-6400.

Cheiron: The International Society for the History of Behavioral and Social Sciences has issued a call for papers for its eighteenth annual meeting on 11–14 June 1986 at the University of Guelph, Ontario. Papers on the history of the behavioral and social sciences or historiographical and methodological issues and suggestions for symposia and other special sessions are invited. Five copies of completed papers (not more than seven pages of double-spaced text plus references, tables, and so forth) should be submitted by 15 January 1986 to Harry Hurwitz and Ian Lubek, Department of Psychology, University of Guelph, Guelph, Ontario, Canada N1G 2K8; telephone (519) 824-4120. Those residing outside North America should submit three copies to Ian Lubek, 2 rue Jules Breton, 75013 Paris, France; telephone (33) 33-47-80, with two copies to Harry Hurwitz at the above address. Graduate student travel awards may be available to help defray travel costs for students whose papers are selected for inclusion in the program.

Anyone interested in a symposium on the history of American livestock, which would bring historians and animal scientists together to consider the traditions of husbandry, the impact of science, the social structure, genetics, the resource base, and the future of livestock for several species, should contact R. L. Willham, Animal Science Department, Iowa State University, Ames, IA 50011.

The Institute for the History of Arabic Science is preparing for its fourth symposium to be held in 1987 and welcomes all suggestions. Address correspondence to University of Aleppo, Institute for the History of Arabic Science, Aleppo, Syria.

Papers are invited for the Fifteenth Annual Meeting of the International Society for the Comparative Study of Civilizations on 29–31 May 1986 at the College of Santa Fe, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Send five copies of a one-page abstract by 15 November 1985 to Vytautas Kavolis, Program Chairman, ISCS 1986, Department of Sociology, Dickinson College, Carlisle, PA 17013.

MEETINGS

The American Society of Zoologists (ASZ) Division of History and Philosophy of Biology is sponsoring a symposium entitled "The Role of Johns Hopkins University in the Development of Experimental and Quantitative Biology in America" at the ASZ meeting on 27–30 December 1985 in Baltimore. The keynote speaker will be James Ebert (Carnegie Institution). Other participants will include Keith Benson, Sharon Kingsland, Jane Maienschein, and Phillip Pauly. Members of the ASZ will also present papers on the history or philosophy of biology. For further information, contact J. W. Atkinson, Department of Natural Science, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI 48824; telephone (517) 353-2269.

The American Studies Association will hold its Tenth Biennial Convention in San Diego at the Bahia Hotel on 31 October–3 November 1985. The theme of the convention is "Boundaries of American Culture." A preview program containing registration, hotel, and flight information is available from the American Studies Association, 307 College Hall/CO, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA 19104; telephone (215) 898-5408.

On 11–13 April 1986 the British Society for the History of Science and the British Society for the History of Philosophy are jointly sponsoring a meeting at Churchill College, Cambridge, on the relation between the history of science and the history of philosophy. The aim of the meeting is to explore the interaction between natural sciences and philosophical issues in the periods of the Scientific Revolution and the second scientific revolution of the nineteenth century. For further details, contact Simon Schaffer, Department of History and Philosophy of Science, Cambridge University, Cambridge CB2 3RH, England.

The Canadian Science and Technology Historical Association is sponsoring the Fourth Kingston Conference to be held 25–27 October 1985 at the Donald Gordon Centre, Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario. The conference will feature a film festival and paper sessions devoted to topics in the history of Canadian science, technology, and medicine, including research and development, fisheries, museums, historical research, domestic technology, seventeenth-century studies, public health, historiography, military technology, and the National Research Council. For program and registration information, write to A. W. Tickner, Senior Archival Officer, National Research Council, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0R6, Canada.
The next meeting of the Joint Atlantic Seminar in the History of Biology will be at the University of Maryland, College Park, on 25–26 April 1986. Those who wish to present a paper should send a title and abstract by 1 March 1986 to Lindley Darden, Committee on the History and Philosophy of Science, 1131 Skinner Hall, University of Maryland, College Park, MD 20742. Graduate students are especially encouraged to submit papers. Those wishing to attend the conference should register by 1 April 1986.

The University of Maryland and the Smithsonian Institution are planning an international conference to commemorate the 300th anniversary of the publication of Isaac Newton's *Philosophia Naturalis Principia Mathematica*, to be held in the spring of 1987 in College Park, Maryland, and Washington, D.C. In addition to invited papers, there will be one session of contributed research papers selected from those submitted. Some funds for travel expenses may be available. For more information, contact Stephen Brush, IPST, University of Maryland, College Park, MD 20742.

The Midwest Junto for the History of Science will hold its annual meeting at John Carroll University in Cleveland, Ohio, on 6–8 March 1986. Since John Carroll will be celebrating its centennial in 1985–1986, any papers dealing with centennial themes in the various areas of the history of science will be welcomed. For further information, contact Ernest G. Spittler, John Carroll University, Department of Chemistry, University Heights, Cleveland, OH 44118; telephone (216) 397-4241.

The Seventh Berkshire Conference on the History of Women will be held on 19–21 June 1987 at Wellesley College, Wellesley, Massachusetts. Send proposals either to Dorothy O. Helly (topics other than the United States), Women's Studies Program, Hunter College, 695 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10021, or to Susan Reverbry [U.S. topics], Women's Studies Program, Wellesley College, Wellesley, MA 02181.

The Society for Literature and Science plans its first conference for 8–11 October 1987 at Worcester Polytechnic Institute (WPI) and the Worcester Marriott Hotel. Proposals for sessions or papers should be sent to Stephen Weininger, Department of Chemistry, WPI, Worcester, MA 01609.

Papers are solicited for presentation at a conference entitled "Testing Theories of Scientific Change," to be held 20–22 October 1986 at Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University in Blacksburg, Virginia. The deadline for submission of abstracts of proposed papers is 15 March 1986; completed papers will be due no later than 1 September 1986. All papers will be considered for publication in a collection of essays on the theme of the conference. Transportation from Blacksburg to Pittsburgh on 23 October 1986 will be provided for those who will be attending the joint meetings of the HSS, PSA, SHOT; and 45. Some financial support for participants will be available. For further information, contact Arthur Donovan or Rachel Laudan, Science Studies Center, Price House, Virginia Tech, Blacksburg, VA 24061; telephone (703) 961-7687.

The Yarmouk University Faculty of Public Health and Allied Health Sciences, Irbid-Amman-Jordan, announces its first International Conference on the History of Arab-Islamic Health Sciences to be held 4–8 October 1986. The conference will celebrate the 700th anniversary of the physician-surgeon-surgeon Ibn al-Quff al-Karaki (1233–1286). Papers are invited in the fields of history and philosophy of public health, medicine, pharmacy, and the allied life sciences. Send abstracts of no less than 400 words as soon as possible.

The International Astronomical Union for the History of Oriental Astronomy will hold its 91st Colloquium on 13–16 November 1985 in New Delhi, India. For more information, contact A. K. Bag (Secretary, LOC), Indian National Science Academy, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi 110002, India.

An international colloquium entitled "Past and Present Teaching of Chemistry" will be held in Louvain, Belgium, on 13–15 November 1985 to mark the tercentennial of the foundation of the Royal Chair of Chemistry at the University of Louvain. The history of chemistry, including the historical development of the teaching of chemistry and of chemical research at the University of Louvain, will be discussed during the first two days. The third day will be devoted to actual problems in teaching chemistry. An exhibition will be organized on the history of the chair of chemistry at Louvain and on modern chemistry. For further information, contact R. Lagrou, Secretariaat "300 Jaar Chemie te Leuven," Departement Scheikunde, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, Celestijnenlaan, 200 F, B-3030 Leuven, Belgium.

The history of American internal medicine will be examined at the Second Francis Wood Institute Symposium, which will be held at the College of Physicians of Philadelphia on 21–22 March 1986. Rosemary Stevens and Paul Beeson will provide keynote addresses for the conference. For information, contact Roselind Valentin, Wood Institute, College of Physicians, 19 South 22nd Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103; telephone (215) 567-4475.

The Southeastern Nineteenth-Century Studies Association Conference (SENCSA) will be held in Memphis, Tennessee, on 10–12 April 1986. Mark Gi-rouard will be the keynote speaker. For further information, write to Joan Weatherly, SENCSA Program Chair, Department of English, Memphis State University, Memphis, TN 38192.

A Symposium on the History of Immunology will be held in Toronto on 5–6 July 1986 preceding the Sixth Congress of the International Society for Immunology. For further information on the program, registration, and accommodation, contact Pauline M. H. Mazumdar, Hannah Professor of the History of Medicine, Victoria College, University of Toronto, 73 Queen's Park Crescent, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, MSS 1K7.

ble, but no later than 30 November 1985, to Sami K. Hamarneh, Faculty of Public Health, Yarmouk University, Irbid, Jordan. Completed papers (in English) must be received no later than 30 June 1986 to allow ample time for possible publication of the proceedings (for the English language volume) before 4 October 1986.

Periodicals

Ganita Bharati, founded in 1979, is a quarterly bulletin issued by the Indian Society for the History of Mathematics covering all aspects of the history of mathematics. The magazine welcomes research papers, articles, books for review, and news items. Annual subscription rate for academic centers is $50. Address subscriptions and submissions to R. C. Gupta (Editor), Professor of Mathematics, B.I.T., P.O. Box, Ranchi 835215, India.

The Harvard University Center for Italian Renaissance Studies, Florence, announces the publication of a new annual journal, I Tatti Studies: Essays in the Renaissance, devoted to all those aspects of the Italian Renaissance that the center itself aims to explore, including history and the history of ideas. The style sheet may be obtained from the Editors, I Tatti Studies, Via di Vincigliata 26, 50135 Florence, Italy; telephone (055) 603.251. The prices for Volume I in North America are $27 (hardback) and $18 (softback) plus postage and packing.

Volume VII of the Journal for the History of Arabic Science (JHAS) is in press and will include selected researches by David A. King and J. L. Berggren. Original papers dealing with the history of Arabic and Islamic science are requested for publication in the JHAS. Address papers to University of Aleppo, Institute for the History of Arabic Science, Aleppo, Syria.

Don't overlook the following calls for papers in the July 1985 Newsletter: the Tenth Annual Meeting of the Midwest Victorian Society in Cincinnati, 25-26 April 1986, deadline of 15 November 1985; the eleventh annual meeting of the Social Science History Association in St. Louis, 16-19 October 1986, deadline of 1 November 1985; and the fifth annual volume in the series History of Anthropology, deadline of 31 August 1986.

OSIRIS IS HERE!

- Volume one of the second series of Osiris, devoted to Historical Writing on American Science, was published in July. Guest - edited by Sally Gregory Kohlstedt and Margaret Rossiter, volume one presents an unprecedented overview of science and society in the United States. Articles by leading younger scholars in the discipline are devoted to the scientific specialties, to such classical themes as "Institutional History," and "Science and Religion," and "Science and Public Policy Since World War II."

- The second volume of Osiris is now at press and will be published on 1 January 1986. This volume will offer an array of important papers capturing themes at the leading edge of research and debate. Among the contributors to the second volume of Osiris are David C. Lindberg, writing on "Kepler's and the Neoplatonic Tradition," and Garland E. Allen, focusing on the "The Eugenics Record Office, Cold Spring Harbor."

- If you missed Osiris at Berkeley, don't be left in the dark at Bloomington. Special prices for HSS members: volumes one and two only $36 (hardcover), $24 (paperback). For more information, contact the HSS Publications Office, 215 S. 34th Street/D6, Philadelphia, PA, 19104.

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PUBLICATIONS

The Contemporary Scientific Archives Centre (CSAC), under the guidance of the Royal Society's British National Committee for the History of Science, Medicine and Technology, published catalogues of the papers of the following scientists in 1984: A. J. S. Pippard (civil engineering), A. G. Ogston (physical biochemistry), F. A. L. Cherwell (physics), E. C. Bullard (geophysics), T. N. George (geology), E. A. Milne (mathematics, theoretical astrophysics), and E. G. T. Liddell (physiology). For further information, contact CSAC, 16 Wellington Square, Oxford, OX1 2HT, England; telephone (0865) 55174.

L'Homme et l'Animal: Société de Recherche interdisciplinaire (HASRI), founded in January 1984, has launched a quarterly periodical, Anthropozoologica. The journal will serve as an interdisciplinary forum for those who are interested in the history of the relations between human and subhuman creatures. The first issue includes articles on palaeoarctic fauna in the Greco-Roman tradition, zoology and animal history at the end of the Middle Ages, and the relationships between man and animals during the Enlightenment and as seen by the archaeologist. For further information, write to HASRI, Laboratoire d'Anatomie comparée, Muséum national d'Histoire naturelle, 55 rue Buffon, F-75005, Paris, France.

Science and Profit in Eighteenth-Century London has been published to accompany a special exhibition at the Whipple Museum of the History of Science. It includes essays on the economic context, by Roy Porter; the scientific context, by Jim Bennett; scientific instruments and their public, by Simon Schaffer; and the instrument-making trade, by Olivia Brown. The paperback volume is available from the museum for £1.50 (£1.65 by post). Order from University of Cambridge, Whipple Museum of the History of Science, Department of History and Philosophy of Science, Free School Lane, Cambridge, CB2 3RH, England; telephone (0223) 358381, ext. no. 360.

August Weismann (1834–1914) and die theoretische Biologie des 19. Jahrhunderts, edited by Klaus Sander, contains the proceedings of a symposium held last year at Albert Ludwigs University, Freiburg, to commemorate Weismann’s 150th birthday. For more information, write to the Secretary, Biologisches Institut I (Zoologie), Albertstrasse 21A, D 7800 Freiburg im Breisgau, West Germany.

Books Received by Isis
June–August 1985

Ordering information: Books and publications listed in the HSS Newsletter are available from the publisher. The History of Science Society cannot fill orders for non-HSS publishers.

Note: Most books on the Books Received List that will be reviewed in Isis have already been assigned to reviewers. If you are interested in reviewing a forthcoming book for Isis, please fill in the coupon “News of Forthcoming Books” in earlier issues of the Newsletter.

Angel Aguirre Alvarez. El astronómo cellense: Francisco M. Zarzo (1556). 331 pp., illus., figs., apps., bibl., index. Teruel: Instituto de Estudios Teruelenses, 1980.
Allan M. Brandt. No Magic Bullet: A Social History of Venereal Disease in the United States Since 1880. viii + 245 pp., illus., figs., app., bibl., index. New York/Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1985. $19.95.
Francesc Bujosa. La afasia y la polarización ideológica en torno al sistema nervioso central en la primera mitad del siglo XIX. (Cuadernos Valencianos de Historia de la Medicina y de la Ciencia, XXV, Series A) 299 pp., apps., bibl., index. Valencia: Cátedra de Historia de la Medicina, Universidad de Valencia, 1983.


Elena Diaz; Yolanda Tejera; Hebe Vessuri [Compilers]. La ciencia periferica: Cie ncia y sociedad en Venezuela. (Coleccion estudios.) 291 pp., figs., bibli. Caracas: Monte Avila, 1983. [Paper.]


Marta Fattori; Massimo Bianchi [Editors]. Spiritus: IV Coloquio internacional del Léxico intelectual europeo. xii + 644 pp., figs., app., index. Rome: Edizioni dell’Ateneo, 1984.

José A. Fernández Ordóñez. Catálogo de novel­las y cuentos de autoridades antiguas a 1900. With the collaboration of R. M. Vázquez de Parga; Tomás Abad Balboa; Carmen Andrés Mateo; and Aurora Galán Herqueyta. (Publicaciones de la Biblioteca Comisión de Estudios Históricos de Obras Publicas y Urbanismo.) 511 pp., illus., bibli., index. Madrid: Biblioteca CEHOPU, 1984.


David B. Gray. Ecological Beliefs and Behav­iors: Assessment and Change. In collaboration with Richard J. Borden and Russell H. Weigel. (Contributions in Psychology.) xiv + 288 pp., figs., bibli., index. Westport, Conn./London: Greenwood Press, 1985. $35.

Thomas L. Hankins. Science and the Enlighten­ment. (Cambridge History of Science Series.) viii + 216 pp., illus., figs., bibli., index. Cambridge/New York: Cambridge University Press, 1985. $29.95.


Gladys J. Hobby. Penicillin: Meeting the Chal­lenge. xxi + 319 pp., illus., figs., bibli., index. New Haven/Conn./London: Yale University Press, 1985. $32.50.


Rüdiger Joppen; Bernard Smith. The Art of Captain Cook’s Voyages. Volume I: The Voyage of the Endeavor, 1768–1771, xxv + 247 pp. Volume II: The Voyage of the Resolution and Adventure, 1772–1775, xiii + 274 pp., illus., figs., bibli., index. New Haven, Conn./London: Yale University Press, 1985. $50 each.


Gottfried Martin. Arithmetic and Combinati­torics: Kant and His Contemporaries. With an
appendix "Examination of Kant's Critique of Pure Reason, Part 1, Section 4" by Johann Schultz. Translated and edited by Judy Wubnig. Foreword by George Kimball Plochmann. xv + 198 pp., app., bibl., index. Carbondale/Evansville: Southern Illinois University Press, 1985. $27.50.

James E. McClellan III. Science Reorganized: Scientific Societies in the Eighteenth Century. xxix + 413 pp., illus., figs., bibl., index. New York: Columbia University Press, 1985. $45.

A. Michal McMahon. The Making of a Profession: A Century of Electrical Engineering in America. (Published for the Centennial of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers.) x + 303 pp., illus., bibl., index. New York: Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers/IEEE; [xxiv] 233 pp. [IEEE members]; $39.95 [nonmembers].


Daniel N. Robinson. Philosophy of Psychology (Critical Assessments of Contemporary Psychology) x + 188 pp., illus., bibl., index. New York: Columbia University Press, 1985. $20.


Alexander Rosenberg. The Structure of Biological Science. xi + 281 pp., figs., bibl., index. Cambridge/London/New York: Cambridge University Press, 1985. $37.50 [cloth]; $12.95 [paper].


Colin Russell. Science and Social Change in Britain and Europe, 1700-1900. xvii + 302 pp., illus., figs., bibl., index. New York: St. Martin's Press, 1984. $25.


A. V. Simcock (Editor.) Robert T. Gunther and the Old Astronomer. xii + 99 pp., illus., figs., app., bibls., index. Oxford: Museum of the History of Science, 1985. £4.


Bernard Smith. European Vision and the South Pacific. xiii + 370 pp., illus., figs., bibls., index. 2nd edition. New Haven, Conn./London: Yale University Press, 1985. £45.


Peter V. Taberner. Aphrodisiacs: The Science and the Myth. x + 276 pp., illus., figs., bibl., index. Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 1985. $22.50.


A. F. V. van Engelen; H. A. M. Geurts. Nicolaas Cruquius (1687-1754) and His Meteorological Observations. (Historische Weerkundige Waarnemingen, 4.) xiii + 155 pp., illus., figs., De Bilt: Koninklijk Nederlands Meteorologisch Instituut, 1985.


Bernhard Waldenfels. In den Netzen der Lebenswelt. (Suhrkamp Taschenbuch Wissenschaft, 545.) 248 pp., bibl., index. Frankfurt am Main: Suhrkamp Verlag, 1985.
HSS Election News

The new members of Council to serve through 1988 are Lorraine Daston, Judith Goodstein, Nancy Siraisi, John Servos, and Michael Sokal. For the Nominating Committee members elected from the Council are Frederic L. Holmes, Margaret Rossiter, and John Greene; members elected from the History of Science Society membership at large are David Lindberg and Frederick Gregory.

The Newsletter of the History of Science Society is published in January, April, July, and October. Regular issues are sent to those individual members of the Society residing in North America. Airmail copies are sent to those members overseas who pay $5 yearly to cover postal costs. The Newsletter is available to non-members and institutions for $20 a year.

The Newsletter is overseen by a Steering Committee consisting of the President, the Secretary, and the Editor of the History of Science Society; it is produced at the Society's Publications Office under the supervision of Dr. Frances Kohler. Send news items to Newsletter, History of Science Society Publications Office, 215 South 34th Street/D6, Philadelphia, PA 19104. The deadline for receipt of news is the tenth of the month prior to publication.

Pearl Kibre, 1903–1985

The History of Science Society has learned with regret of the death of Pearl Kibre, Professor Emeritus of History at Hunter College. Professor Kibre's works included A Catalogue of Incipits of Medieval Scientific Writings in Latin (with Lynn Thorndike) and The Library of Pico della Miranda. Her most recent book, published this past July, was a catalogue of the writings of Hippocrates of Cos extant in the Latin West prior to 1500, Hippocrates Latinus: Repertorium of Hippocratic Writings in the Latin Middle Ages.